

Network Management & Monitoring

Ticketing Systems with RT



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Ticketing Systems

- Why are they important?
 - Track all events, failures and issues
- Focal point for help desk communication
- Use it to track all communications
 - Both internal and external
- Events originating from the outside:
 - customer complaints
- Events originating from the inside:
 - System outages (direct or indirect)
 - Planned maintenance, upgrades, etc.

Ticketing Systems cont.

- Use ticket system to follow each case, including internal communication between technicians
- Each case is assigned a case number
- Each case goes through a similar life cycle:
 - New
 - Open
 - ...
 - Resolved
 - Closed

Ticketing Systems cont.

Help Request with Tickets



Request Tracker / Trac

RT

- Heavily used worldwide.
- Can be customized to your location.
- Somewhat difficult to install and configure.
- Handles large-scale operations.



trac

- A hybrid system that includes a wiki and project management features.
- Ticketing system not as robust as RT, but works well for web-only ticket interface.
- Often used for "trac"king group projects.
- Used for this course: http://noc.ws.nsrc.org/wiki/



A few others...

- Bugzilla http://www.bugzilla.org/
- Cerberus http://www.cerberusweb.com/
- eTicket
 - http://www.eticketsupport.com/
- itracker

http://www.itracker.org/

- Jutda Helpdesk http://www.jutdahelpdesk.com/
- Mystic

http://www.hulihanapplications.com/projects/mystic

- OTRS (Open source Ticket Request System) http://otrs.org/
- osTicket

http://osticket.com/

- Simple Ticket http://www.simpleticket.net/
- Trouble Ticket Express http://www.troubleticketexpress.com/open-source-software.html



RT: Request Tracker

http://bestpractical.com/rt/

What's it Look Like?*

Hom	e —	Tickets 🚽 Tools	s 🚽 Logged	l in as root 🚽				RT for netn	ngmt »	BEST PRACTIC	AL
RT	at a	glance					New ticket in	General	÷	Search	
										E	dit
	~	10 highest priority tick	kets I own				∧ My reminders				
						Edit					
	^	10 newest unowned tio	ckets				∧ Quick search				
						Edit				Edi	t
	#	Subject	Queue	Status	Created		Queue	new	open	stalled	
		3 Missing cat	net	new	4 hours ago	Take	General	•	-	•	
		2 Missing cat	net	new	5 nours ago	Take	net	2	-	-	
ſ	^	Bookmarked Tickets				Edit	∧ Dashboards			Edi	it
	^	Quick ticket creation					∧ Refresh				
	5	Subject:					Don't refresh this p	age.	ŧ)	
		Queue: General	\$	Owner:	Me ‡					Go!	
	Requ	root@localhost									J
	С	ontent:									
						Create					

Ticket Management Systems

- Why do we use the term "ticket"?
- In order to resolve a problem...
 - Who wants what?
 - Who's going to work on this?
 - When did they ask, when was it done?
 - How much time did it take (billing, hours)?
 - What's left to do?
 - Everything is summarized and presented in a simple and intuitive manner.



Applications

- User support
- Security problem management
- Issue Tracking / Incident Management

Essential Functionality

- Several interfaces
 - -Web, CLI, e-mail, etc.
- Multiuser
 - At different levels: admin, general user, guest
- Authentication and authorization
- Event history
- Handles dependencies
- Notifications

Components

- Register an event (i.e., ticket creation)
- Assign an owner
- Assign interested parties
- Maintain change history
- Inform interested parties of each change
- Initiate activities based on status or priority

Typical Support Scenario

- Lots of email traffic requesting help, request for services, etc.
- Archived as text without classification
- Very difficult to find current status or problem history.
- Sometimes problems were forgotten or never resolved.

Critical Issues and Tickets

Home Tickets Tools Logged in as jesse Tools To	RT for example.com >>	
I o highest priority tickets 1 own Subject Priority Outer East 1 o newest unowned tickets Subject Outer Take Subject Outer Take Subject Outer Take		RT for example.com New ticket in General Search Basics Ourse: Nobody in particular : Overating System Filterfresh Linux Mac OS X

RT: Advantages

- Open source and free
- Heavily used and tested
- Very active development
- Flexible
- Web interface or control via email
- Backend database (MySQL, Postgresql, Oracle, SQLite)

RT: Disadvantages

- A bit tricky to install the first time...
 - Most distributions have packages that make installation a bit easier:
 - Red Hat, Fedora, SuSE, Debian, Ubuntu, FreeBSD, etc.
- It's powerful, so you'll need to spend some time learning how it works.

Problem Classification: Queues



- Services: DNS, IP addresses, Radius, LDAP
- Security: Attacks, scans, abuse, etc.
- Systems: Email accounts, passwords, etc
- **Networking:** Network Services Group
- Help Desk: Those who deal with end-users

Web Server Configuration

Two Options

- Virtualhost

http://rt.host.fqdn

Subdirectory

http://host.fqdn/rt/

Root user ('root')

- Change the default password on first login ('password')
- Assign the complete email for the *root* account root@host.fqdn
- Assign all user rights:

Global -> User Rights

User Creation

- Create a userid for each member of your team.
- Assign privileges to each user.

Create Groups

Create groups of users:

 Administering privileges by group is more efficient than doing so for each user.

Create Queues

Create queues for problem categories

- For example
 - security
 - accounts
 - connectivity
- Assign users to each queue
 - Different between AdminCC and CC
- Don't forget to create email *aliases* for each queue

rt-mailgate

A critical component of RT. The rt-mailgate facility lets us:

- Define virtual users on the RT server that correspond to ticket queues in RT.
- Allow third-party software (Nagios, Cacti, Smokeping, etc.) to automatically generate tickets in specified queues via email.
- Provide a simple interface through which endusers can communicate with your support organization via RT.

Scrips (actions)

For each queue create automatic actions

- There is a group of scrips that apply to all queues.
 - Possible to customize per queue or globally
 - "scrips" are "snippets of Perl code"
 - Chapter 6 of the O' Reilly "RT Essentials" book
 - Details on how to use Scrips: http://requesttracker.wikia.com/wiki/Scrip

Extensions

You can extend the functionality of RT. For example:

- Send daily emails to remind users of tickets that have not been "taken"
- Send daily emails to each user reminding them of their pending tickets.
- Periodically increment ticket priority
- You can execute commands via email

Useful references:

- http://requesttracker.wikia.com/wiki/Extensions
- http://bestpractical.com/rt/extensions.html

References

Best Practical Web site

http://bestpractical.com/rt

- *RT Essentials*. Dave Rolsky et al. O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- Contributions to RT:

http://requesttracker.wikia.com/wiki/Contributions

Extensions

http://requesttracker.wikia.com/wiki/Extensions http://bestpractical.com/rt/extensions.html

Scrips

http://requesttracker.wikia.com/wiki/Scrip http://requesttracker.wikia.com/wiki/ScripAction

